Page 2 of 7

In the Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A method of forming an aluminum structure in a microelectronic article, the method comprising:

forming a recess in a microelectronic substrate;

forming a <u>continuous</u> metal-containing layer conforming to a surface of the recess and to an adjacent surface of the substrate;

plasma treating the substrate having the metal-containing layer thereon; and depositing aluminum on the metal-containing layer to form an aluminum layer thereon.

- 2. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein depositing aluminum comprises depositing the aluminum at a temperature of about 160 °C or less.
- 3. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein forming a recess comprises forming a contact hole in an insulating layer of the substrate that exposes an underlying conductive region of the substrate.
- 4. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the recess has an aspect ratio greater than about 1.
- 5. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein forming a <u>continuous</u> metal-containing layer comprises forming the metal-containing layer by metal organic chemical vapor deposition (MOCVD).
- 6. (Original) The method of Claim 5, wherein the metal-containing layer is a barrier metal layer.

Page 3 of 7

7. (Original) The method of Claim 6, wherein the metal-containing layer comprises at least one material selected from a group consisting of titanium nitride (TiN), tantalum nitride (TaN), titanium silicon nitride (TiSiN) and tantalum silicon nitride (TaSiN).

- 8. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein depositing aluminum comprises depositing aluminum on the metal-containing layer by chemical vapor deposition (CVD) using a methylpyrrolidine alane (MPA) source gas.
- 9. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein plasma treating the substrate comprises plasma treating using at least one gas selected from a group consisting of argon (Ar), hydrogen (H₂), nitrogen (N₂), oxygen (O₂), nitrous oxide (N₂O) and ammonia (NH₃).
- 10. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein plasma treating the substrate comprises plasma treating the substrate at a pressure in a range from about 1 Torr to about 6 Torr.
- 11. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein plasma treating the substrate comprises plasma treating the substrate at a power level in a range from about 600 W to about 1,000 W.
- 12. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein plasma treating the substrate comprises plasma treating the substrate for about 60 seconds.
 - 13. (Currently Amended) The method of Claim 3:

wherein forming a <u>continuous</u> metal-containing layer is preceded by forming an ohmic layer conforming to an interior surface of the recess and to the adjacent surface of the substrate; and

wherein forming a <u>continuous</u> metal-containing layer comprises forming the metal-containing layer on the ohmic layer.

Page 4 of 7

- 14. (Original) The method of Claim 13, wherein the ohmic layer comprises at least one of titanium (Ti) or tantalum (Ta).
 - 15. (Currently Amended) The method of Claim 3:

wherein forming a <u>continuous</u> metal-containing layer comprises forming a first metalcontaining layer;

wherein plasma treating comprises plasma treating the substrate having the first metalcontaining layer thereon;

wherein depositing aluminum on the metal-containing layer comprises depositing aluminum on the first metal-containing layer to form a first aluminum layer thereon; and wherein the method further comprises:

forming a second metal-containing layer conforming to an interior surface of the recess and to an adjacent surface of the substrate;

plasma treating the substrate having the second metal-containing layer thereon; and depositing aluminum on the second metal-containing layer at a temperature of about 160 °C or less to form a second aluminum layer thereon.

- 16. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein depositing aluminum comprises depositing aluminum by CVD until the recess is filled.
 - 17. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein depositing aluminum comprises: depositing aluminum by CVD to form a seed aluminum layer in the recess; and sputter depositing aluminum on the seed aluminum layer in the recess; and wherein the method further comprises reflowing the deposited aluminum in the recess.

Page 5 of 7

18. (Currently Amended) The method of Claim 1, wherein plasma treating the substrate comprises plasma treating the substrate metal-containing layer under conditions sufficient to cause aluminum to deposit at a greater rate on a portion of the metal-containing layer within the recess than on a portion of the metal-containing layer adjacent the recess during the depositing of the aluminum on the metal-containing layer.

19. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the recess comprises one of a hole, a trench, a groove or a step.

20.-31. (Canceled)